SFURTI

Detailed Project Report AMALAPURAM COIR CLUSTER



Nodal Agency COIR BOARD, Kochi

Technical Agency
National Institute for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (ni-msme)
Hyderabad

Implementing Agency
ADITYA GLOBAL BUSINESS INCUBATOR
NUZVID, KRISHANA DISTRICT

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PROJECT SUMMARY

1. Cluster Category: Major

2. Name of Cluster: Amalapuram Coir Cluster

3. Location State: Andhra Pradesh

District: East Godavari District Villages: Pulleti Kurru, Ambajipeta,

Amalapuram rural, Gangalakurru,

Kothapeta

4. Craft / Industry: Village Industry

5. Cluster Products: Coir Fibre, 2 ply yarn, Mats, Curled Coir

6. Name of IA: Krushival Coconut Farmers Producer Company

Limited, Ambajipeta, East Godavari, Andhra

Pradesh

7. Project Objectives:

• To create agripreneurs

To upgrade skills of traditional artisans & farmers

• To create awareness on production of value added products

To improve artisan wages by at least 30%

• To improve profitability of enterprises by 20%

• To enhance cluster turnover by 50%

• To create networks for marketing new value added products

8. Key Gaps Identified

Technology related

- Absence of technology to make value added products.
- Lack of awareness on latest coir technologies

Market related

- The cluster confined to traditional products.
- No demand for major cluster products viz., fibre and yarn

- The middlemen dominate the market. The real entrepreneurs are not in a position to compete with middlemen who influence market and price.
- Reduced export of coir yarn as no demand from China
- Meager margins
- Lack of marketing facilities and buyers information

Labour/ Entrepreneurs related:

- Wages of artisans are low
- Continuous work is not available
- Lack of skills for production of high value products
- The enterprises are operating in isolation.
- Poor cooperation among the units

Finance:

- Forced to sell at low margins in order to meet operational expenditure due to insufficient working capital
- Banks are not willing to finance micro enterprises due to their unorganized nature of operations. The expansion/ modernization plans by entrepreneurs are thus affected. The awareness of entrepreneurs on schemes like SFURTI, MUDRA and PMEGP is required.

Infrastructure related:

- Poor infrastructure facilities and outdated machinery.
- Lack of technology for value addition

Others:

- Low level of interactions with BDS providers, machinery suppliers and technical institutions including coir board hindering the growth of the cluster.
- Purchase of husk by power plants/ brick making units
- Many farmers interested to start coir activity but orientation on new technologies is required

9. Proposed Interventions

Soft Interventions

- Awareness Programmes on MSME Schemes for farmers and entrepreneurs
- Exposure visits to machinery suppliers and coir industries in Tamil Nadu to create awareness on production of value added products
- Training of artisans/ prospective entrepreneurs on latest machinery to promote new coir enterprises
- Design of publicity and packaging materials including Product logo, brochure, leaflet, advertising/ display material
- Participation in trade fairs
- BDS for Market Research to find business opportunities and develop market linkages
- Designing cluster website

Hard Interventions

• Creating Common Facility Centre for production of Garden articles, Coir needle felt, Coir Pith Blocks and Coco peat

10. Project cost & Means of Finance

S. No.	Intervention	NA	SPV	Total cost
1	Soft intervention	25.00	1	25.00
2	Hard Intervention	282.99	31.44	314.43
3	TA cost	25.15	ı	25.15
4	IA/ CDE cost	20.00	-	20.00
	Total	353.14	31.44	384.58

Means of Finance

	Amount in
Particulars	Rs. Lakhs
SPV contribution	31.44
GoI Grant	353.14
Total	384.58

11. Scheduling

Soft Interventions

		201	9-20		2020	0-21		2	021-2	22
S.No.	Activity	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
	Awareness Programmes on									
	MSME Schemes for farmers									
1	and entrepreneurs									
	Exposure visits to									
	machinery suppliers and									
	coir industries in Tamil									
	Nadu to create awareness									
	on production of value									
2	added products									
	Training of farmers/									
	prospective entrepreneurs									
	on latest machinery to									
3	promote new coir enterprises									
	Design of publicity and									
	packaging materials									
	including Product logo,									
	brochure, leaflet,									
4	advertising/ display material									
5	Participation in trade fairs									
	BDS for Market Research to									
	find business opportunities									
6	and develop market linkages									
7	Designing cluster website									

Hard Interventions

			Financial Year						
			2019	-20			2020-21		
S. No	Activity	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1	Civil works								
2	Bidding process for machinery								
3	Electrical works								
	Installation of Machinery &								
4	commissioning								
5	Trial production								
6	Commercial Production					·			

12. Scope for convergence

- Networking with Coconut Development Board for strengthening of backward linkages
- Networking with NGOs/ CSR foundations to train artisans to make specialized products and discourage supply of husk to power plants
- Manufacturing and supply of specialized green products to tourism, educational and hospitality institutions

13. Proposed SPV

Krushivala Coconut Farmers Producer Company Limited is a farmer's producers company registered under Companies Act having 1160 farmers. There are 40 coir entrepreneurs in the company. They regularly make coconut samplings and supply to the farmers at nominal price. A work shed of 31feet * 54 feet is constructed on their own for coir extraction, storage of coconuts and also for the farmers requirement.

They have taken Ac 3.00 of land on lease basis for 15 years to construct common facility centre and expressed their readiness for 10% contribution towards hard interventions.

14. Key impact

- Creating agripreneurs by setting-up of new micro enterprises
- There will be a perceptible improvement in the quality of life of the artisans thus improving their socio-economic conditions.
- Improved profits by producing high value coir products at CFC
- Influence of middlemen will be reduced.
- Value addition leads to increased turnover, and profit for entrepreneurs and increased wages for artisans
- Continuous work for household enterprises

1.1. Background

India is endowed with more than one million traditional manufacturing enterprises which are micro in nature and fall under unorganized sector. Since ages the artisans are producing handlooms, handicrafts and coir products across the country especially in rural areas and are concentrated in clusters across the country due to availability of skilled manpower and quality raw materials at lower price. These clusters are playing an important role in providing employment opportunities in rural areas and even exporting to global markets due to uniqueness of the products. However issues like labour intensive nature, low volumes of production, limited focus on value addition are hindering their growth and making them incompatible with competitors at national and international markets.

With a view to make the traditional industries more productive, competitive and facilitate their sustainable growth, the Government of India has launched a Scheme in the year 2005 called SFURTI (Scheme of Fund for Regeneration of Traditional Industries). The Union Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises and its organizations and institutions, in collaboration with State Governments, their organizations concerned, non-Governmental organizations, etc, are implementing the Scheme.

The SFURTI Scheme takes a holistic approach for cluster development and includes an initial diagnostic study and trust building exercise, based on which assistance is provided for infrastructure development, skill development,

technology upgradation of the enterprises, marketing, product development and setting up of common facility centres, etc.

During 11th Plan, Coir Board has implemented SFURTI scheme successfully in 26 clusters and continuing the scheme in the 12th plan period because of its impact in terms of employment creation, new enterprise creation, improved quality and productivity to name a few. Coir Board has entrusted National Institute for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (ni-msme) to prepare Diagnostic Study Report (DSR) of Amalapuram Coir Cluster.

1.2. District Profile

East Godavari District is a residuary portion of the old Godavari District after West Godavari District was separated in 1925. As the name of the district conveys, East Godavari District is closely associated with the river Godavari, occupying a major portion of the delta area. The Headquarters of the District is located at Kakinada. East Godavari District lies North - East Coast of Andhra Pradesh and bounded on the North by Visakhapatnam District and the State of Orissa, on the East and the South by the Bay of Bengal and on the West by Khammam and West Godavari Districts. Area of the District is 10,807 Sq.Kms. The District is located between Northern latitudes of 16o 30' and 18o 20' and between the Eastern longitudes of 81o 30' and 82o 30'. It has a population of 48.73 lakhs as per 2001 Census. The District consisting of 5 Revenue Divisions viz., Kakinada, Rajahmundry, Peddapuram, Rampachodavaram and Amalapuram

Economy

Being the largest part of the rich Godavari delta, agriculture and aquaculture are major parts of the economy for this District. With the discoveries of oil and natural gas, it has increased its industrial sector. It is the home of two major fertilizer

factories and in addition, gas based power plants and oil refineries. Now it is one of

the largest oil & gas hubs in India

Resources

East Godavari is famous for agriculture because of fertile lands which are

adequately irrigated throughout the year. Thanks to sir Arthor Cotton Who turned

entire Godavari region to fertile position with his wonderful engineering mind, he

constructed Dowlesawaram Barrage Across the river Godavari. and is the most

prosperous district in the state and is the one of richest district in the country.

Statistically it is a potential hinterland for oil and natural gas reserves in the country

as many areas are identified as richest sources for oil and Natural gas in Godavari

basin

Population

In 2011, East Godavari had population of 5,154,296 of which male and female

were 2,569,688 and 2,584,608 respectively. In 2001 census, East Godavari had a

population of 4,901,420 of which males were 2,459,640 and remaining 2,441,780

were females

North: Visakhapatnam District and Orissa State

East: Bay of Bengal

West: West Godavari District

South: Bay of Bengal

North West: Khammam District of Telangana State

East Godavari District Physical Location

East Godavari District is situated on the North - East of Andhra Pradesh State.

The Headquater of District is Kakinada

Kakinada is 564KM away from Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh Headquarter

East Godavari District lies between 160 30" to 180 20" North Latitude and 810

30" to 82o 36" East Longitude

The District Boundaries are:

1.3. Amalapuram Coir Cluster

Location:

The cluster is located at Amalapuram which is located at around 60 km from Rajahmundry. It is the head of Konaseema delta, the triangle formed by the waters of Godavari River. The soil is very fertile and cotton and rice is grown at large quantities. The coir units are spread across five villages namely Pulleti Kurru, Ambajipeta, Amalapuram rural, Gangalakurru, and Kothapeta

Current Product Portfolio: Coir Fibre, 2 ply yarn, Mats, Curled Coir

Age of the cluster: 30 years

No. of units: 150 registered micro and small enterprises

Cluster Radius: 40 kms

No. of artisans/ workers: More than 2000

Wages of artisans: Men: Rs 250/- per day; Women: Rs 200/- per day

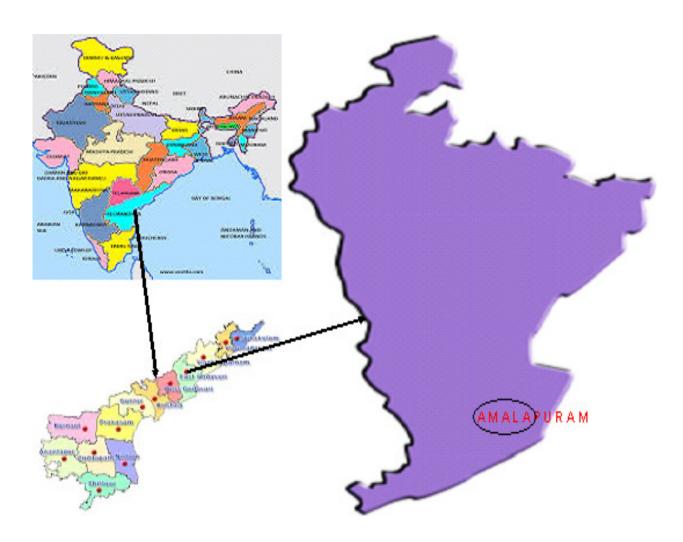
Cluster Turnover: Rs 14 crore per annum

The first coir industry, M/s Venkateswara Industries was established in the year 1970 in the cluster area and then slowly many proactive entrepreneurs have entered in to coir sector. Due to good business opportunities and also initiatives of coir board many units were established in the years 1985-86, 1990-91, 1994-95, and 2007-08. Thanks to the initiative taken up by the Coir Board and the Industries

department, as many as 150 coir units have been established in East Godavari district in the year 2011, providing direct employment to about 1,500 labourers.

There is no dearth of market for coconut fibre and ropes, as the product is in greater demand in the international market. Besides sending their end product to the neighbouring Odisha and West Bengal, the industrialists are also eying possible exports to Sri Lanka and China.

Being extracted from the coconut husk, coconut fibre is the foremost raw material for mattresses industry. In all, about 550 small-scale units are active in the district, from which the fibre and rope are being carted to various places every day. Traders from the neighbouring States have been camping in lodges to procure the product.



The details of coir enterprises in the cluster area are mentioned below. The most of them are manufacturing coir fibre, 2 ply yarn, curled coir etc. A few artisans are making door mats and other products.

S.N o	Name & address of the Units	Types of products	No of worker	Year of establishmen t
		_		
		Fibre		
1	Venkateswara Industries,	extraction	19	1970
	Near Red Bridge, Amalapuram			
2		Fibre .	4.0	4055
2	Coastal Fibre Prodt. (P) Ltd.,	extraction	18	1975
	3-67, Main Road, Ambajipeta	Ell		
3	Angenyane Coins	Fibre	8	1983
3	Annapurna Coirs,	extraction	0	1963
	Gangalakurru, Ambajipeta	Fibre		
4	Savisa Fibres,	extraction	9	1986
	Abbireddy St, Amalapuram	CAttaction		1700
	Trobleddy St, Tilliaiapurain	Fibre		
5	Sri Venkata Sandya Coir Indy.	extraction	6	1985
	Isukapudi-533 214,Ambajipeta			2,00
	1001111001111001111001111001111001111001111	Fibre		
6	Deepak Coir Industry,	extraction	5	1985
	Peruru- 538 218,EGDt			
	,	Fibre		
7	Sri Ganesh Coir Industry,	extraction	5	1985
	Vilasavilli, Amalapuram			
		Fibre		
8	Sri Sitaramanjaneya Coir Indy.	extraction	4	1985
	Tondavaram - 533 221,			
		Fibre .	_	4005
9	Satya Sai Coir Inds.,	extraction	5	1985
	Bandarulanka, Amalapuram	Tour Tour		
10		Fibre	-	1005
10	Shri Siddivinayaka Coir Indtry.	extraction	5	1985
	Siripalli,Amalapuram Taluk,	Fibre		
11	Sri Veeranjneya Coir Indy.,	extraction	14	1985
11	Indupalli, Amalapuram,EGDt	CAHACHOH	14	1703
12	•	EM %-	12	1007
12	Modern Coir Goods Indy.,	FM &	12	1987

		Matting		
	Rangapuram, PO.Samanasa,			
1.2		Fibre		1007
13	Tanuja Coir Indy.,	extraction	6	1986
	College Road, Amalapuram,	E1		
14	Godavari Coirs,	Fibre extraction	20	1986
14	· ·	extraction	20	1900
	Pulletikurru, Kothapeta Taluk	Fibre		
15	Godavari Fibre Inds.,	extraction	15	1986
13	R.Yanugupalli,D.Gannavaram	CATTACTION	13	1700
	R. Fanugupani, D. Gannavarani	Fibre		
16	Vinayaka Coir Industry,	extraction	4	1987
10	K.V.Palem, Ambajipeta,	CATTACTION	7	1707
17	Sesha Rajeswari Coir Inds.,	Matting	5	1988
1 /	,	Matting	3	1900
	Narendrapuram,P.Gannvaram	E1		
18	Months Coin Commlex	Fibre extraction	6	1986
10	Manthas Coir Complex,	extraction	0	1960
	Peruru, Amalapuram Tq.,	Fibre		
19	Saraswathi Coir Indy.,	extraction	10	1990
17	Mosalapalli, Ambajipeta	CXIIaCIIOII	10	1770
	Mosarapani, Ambajipeta	Fibre		
20	Sri Durga Coir Indy.,	extraction	10	1990
20	Vill. Rangapuram,Samanasa	cattaction	10	1000
	v III. Kangapurani, Samanasa	Fibre		
21	Srinivasa Coir Industry,	extraction	8	1990
	Peruru-533 218,	Cherecton		1,,,,
	1 Clara 333 210,	Fibre		
22	Srinivasa Fibre Industry,	extraction	4	1990
	High Street, Peruru-533 218,			
	,,	Fibre		
23	Sri Balaji Fibre Inds., HN2-97	extraction	12	1990
	P.O. Gannavaram Mandal,			
	,	Fibre		
24	Sri Venkata Ramana Coir Indy.	extraction	10	1991
	R. Yenugupalli,P.Gannavaram			
		Fibre		
25	Deepak Coir and Coir Prodts.	extraction	6	1991
	Peruru - 533 218,Amalapuram			
		Fibre		
26	East Coast Coir Inds.,	extraction	10	1987
	Batnavalli, Amalapuram			
27	Sidhivinayaka Coir Indy.	Fibre	15	1988

		extraction		
	2-29, K.V. Palem, Amabajipeta			
	2 25, 11 r areni, miaoappea	Bristle Fibre		
28	Sri Ayyappa Coir Inds.,	& Mixed	15	1992
	Katari lanka - 533 214,	Fibre		
29	Ayyappa Bristle Fibre Indy.	Bristle fibre	8	1990
	Kothapalem, Amabajipeta			
	1 / /1	2 ply yarn &		
30	The Indira Priyadarsani Coir	FM	60	1994
	Workers ICS Ltd., Peddakanda-			
	lapalem, P. Gannavaram Mdl			
		2 ply yarn &		
31	The Katarilanka Coir Rope	FM	60	1994
	Workers ICS Ltd.,			
	D. Gannavaram Mandal,			
		2 ply yarn &		
32	Sri Ramachandra Fibre Rope	FM	60	1994
	making Prodn. Processing &			
	Servicing ICS Ltd.,			
	Peruru, Amalapuram Mandal,			
22		2 ply yarn &		4004
33	Sri Lakshmi Ganpathi Coir Rope	FM	60	1994
	Workers ICS Ltd.,			
	Vanapalli, Kothapeta Mandal,	2 -1 9		
34	Sri Venkateswara Coir Rope	2 ply yarn & FM	60	1994
J-T	Workers ICS Ltd., Peruru	1.111	00	1777
	Kollurivaripeta, Amalapuram			
	Konunvanpeta,/ unanapuram	2ply yarn,		
35	Sri Narendra Coir Workers	FM ,Mtg.	20	1994
	ICS Ltd.,Narendrapuram,	, 8		
	P.Gannavaram Mandal,			
		2ply yarn,		
36	Sri Balaji Coir Servicing	FM ,Mtg.	104	1994
	ICS Ltd., P. Gannavaram			
		Automatic		
37	Sri Prahlada Prabhu fibres,	spinning	15	1994
	Jaggannapeta, E.G. Dist.			
38	Sri Venkateswara Yarn and Rope	2 ply yarn	6	1994
	Products, Peruru, Amalapuram			
39	Sape Nakshtram M.Spinning	M.ratt	1	1995
	unit, 2-36, Bodasakurru,			
40	Konaseema Integrated	Defibering	24	1996

		& Curling		
	Coconut Prodts (P) Ltd.			
	1-75, Gangalakurru,Bandrulanka			
	3	Fibre		
41	Gayatri Coir Corporation,	extraction	7	1996
	Yelchetty vari palem,Kothapeta M			
42	Sri Balaji Colir yarn & Rope	M.ratt	1	1996
12	Industry, Vanapalli Po. Kothapeta	141.1411	1	1770
	industry, variapani i o. Rodiapeta	Fibre		
43	Amardeep Traders.	extraction	7	1998
7.5	High Street, Peruru, Amalapuram	CATIACTION	,	1770
	Tilgii Street, Feruru, Amarapuram	Brush		
44	Pathy & CO.,	making	10	2005
77	Main Road, Tatipaka,E.G.	making	10	2003
	mani Noau, Taupana,E.G.	Automatic		
45	2-A Coir Yarn Products	spinning	12	2006
13	Venkateswara Colony,	Spining	14	2000
	7 .			
	Machavaram, Ambajipeta Mdl	2		
46	"Pedavadu" A Welfare Scoiety	2 ply yarn & FM	10	2007
40	,	1,111	10	2007
	of Poor People Social Economic			
	Devpt. and Rural Technilogical			
	Park (AVDI),D.No:10-156,			
	Pillakalava Gattu, Palivela(V)	0.1		
47		2 ply yarn &	0	2007
47	Society For Konaseema Youth	FM	8	2007
	Irusumanda,3-18/1, Ambajipeta			
4.0		2 ply yarn &		2007
48	Udayakiran Yuvajana	FM	8	2007
	Samkshema Sangam,			
	2-148, Vadapalem,Kothapeta			
		Fibre .		_
49	P.Gannavaram Mandal	extraction	20	2007
	Coconut by Products mrkting			
	mutually Aided Coir Co-op.			
	Society Ltd. P.Gannavaram.			
		Fibre		
50	Sri Venugopala Coir Industry,	extraction	30	2007
	10-200,G.N.T.Road,Jaggampeta			
		Fibre		
51	Bhavani Coir Industries	extraction	20	2008
	Munganda,P.Gannavaram Mandal			
52	Sri Durgabavani Coir Industry	Fibre	20	2008

		extraction		
	Potayalanka, Ambajipeta, EGDt AP.			
		Coir Yarn		
53	M/s Vyshnavi Coir Industries	Spinning	10	2009
	Inalavaripalem,P.Gannavaram			
54	M/s Satya Coir Yarn Products,Dr.No.2-26	2 Ply Yarn	8	2011
	Isukapudi,Ambajipeta Mandalam			
		Fibre		
55	M/s East Coast Coir Industry,Batnvelli,	extraction	10	2011
	Amalapuram,EGDt AP.			
		Fibre		
56	M/s Jaya Coir Products,132/08 Alamuru,	extraction	6	2012
	Alamuru Mandal,EGDt AP.			
		Fibre	7	1007
57	Sri Krishna Coir Industry,	extraction	7	1986
	Visweswara Agraharam, Amlprum		_	
58	M/s Baby Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	Amabativari palem,P.Gannavaram,	Spinning		
	RS No.169/4,P.Gannavaram Mandal,			
59	M/s Rupa Satya Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	6-267/1, Panchayathi Road,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavaram,Gannavaram Mandal,			
	East Godavari Dt.Off: Pothavaram,			
	Yenugupalli Road,			
60	M/s Amma Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	RS no.8-116,Main Road,P. Gannavaram,	Spinning		
61	M/s Ashirwad Coir Industry,	Automatic		
	W/O Imaniyelu,5-5A, RS no.132/2,	Spinning		
	Canal Road,P.Gannavaram,EGDt.			
62	M/s Hemlatha Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	D.No:5/4-1,Canal Road,P.Gannavaram,	Spinning		
63	M/s Ammayamma Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	D.No:4-74,Kotavaripeta,RS no.87/1,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavaram,EGDt.			
64	M/s Surya Ratna Kumari Coirs,	Automatic	8	2009
	2-75, Pothavaram,EGDt.	Spinning		
65	M/s Padmavathi Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	2-19/1, K.Yenugupalli,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavaram Mandal,EGDt.			
66	M/s Satyaveni Coir Indy,	Automatic	8	2009
	2-24,K.Yenugupalli,EGDt.	Spinning		
67	M/s Kata Naga Jyothi Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009

	Mungandapalem,P.Gannavaram	Spinning	ĺ	
68	M/s Varasidhi Vinayaka Coir Industries,	Automatic	8	2010
	K.Yenugupalli,D.Gannavaram Mandal,	Spinning		
69	M/s Bapiraju Veeramma Coir Industries	Automatic	8	2010
	S.No.23/2, Maremma Manyam,	Spinning		
	Vadapalem,Kothapeta Mandal,EGDt.			
70	M/s Nagamani Ratnam Coir,	Automatic	8	2010
	S.No.426/7,Sangampalem,Vanapalli.P.O.	Spinning		
	Kothapeta,EGDt.			
71	M/s Vijaya Coir Industry	Automatic	8	2010
	S.No 416/3,Near Penthkosthu	Spinning		
	Church, Vanapalli,Kothapeta Mandal,			
72	M/s Sai Prasanna Coir Industry	Automatic	5	2010
	S.No.419/1B,Satylavaripeta,	Spinning		
	Vanapalli, Kothapeta,Mandal,EGDt.			
73	M/srayojana Coir Industry,S.No.683/4	Automatic	5	2010
	Near Palivela Bridge, Palivela,	Spinning		
	Kothapeta Mandal,E.G.Dt.			
74	M/s Chikurumilli Prabavathi,	Automatic	8	2010
	2-101, Bellampudi,P. Gannavaram	Spinning		
75	M/s Joel Coirs,	Automatic	8	2009
	2-4-73, Grace Land, Amalapuram,	Spinning		
	Unit at Peruru,East Godavari Dt.			
	6-4-77/6A,Karri Ramaswamy Street,	Spinning		
	Ashoknagar,Amalapuram,EGDt.			
76	M/s Jyothi Coirs,	Automatic	8	2009
	Indupalli,Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.	Spinning		
77	M/s Sri Laxmi Narayana Coir,	Automatic	8	2009
	Ambedkarnagar,Peruru,Amalapuram	Spinning		
78	M/s Indira Coir,	Automatic	8	2009
	Bodasakurru,Amalapuram Mandal,	Spinning		
79	M/s Nagamani Coir,	Automatic	8	2010
	Indupalli,Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.	Spinning		
80	M/s Sai Hanuman Coir,	Automatic	8	2010
	Vesweswara Agraharam,Peruru,	Spinning		
81	M/s Ratna Kumari Coirs,	Automatic	8	2009
	Opp. RTC Complex,	Spinning		
	Jaggampeta,East Godavari Dt.			
82	M/s Venugopala Coir Products,	Automatic	8	2010
	Jaggampeta,East Godavari Dt.	Spinning		
83	M/s Satyvathi Coirs,	Automatic	8	2009

	14-116-1,Pechettivaripalem,	Spinning		
	Ambajipeta Mandal,East Godavari Dt.			
84	M/s Somu Coirs,	Automatic	8	2009
	6-90,K.Pedapudi,Ambajipeta Mandal,	Spinning		
85	M/s Vanumulamma Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	Ambajipeta,East Godavari Dt.	Spinning		
86	M/s Ganapathi Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	Ambajipeta,East Godavari Dt.	Spinning		
87	M/s Sakkubhai Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	15-149,Kotevari Agraharam,	Spinning		
	Ambajipeta,East Godavari Dt.			
	3-43, K.N.palem,Ambajipeta,EGDt.	Spinning		
88	M/s Chinta Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2009
	Jayanthinagar,Ambajipeta,EGDt.	Spinning		
89	M/s Adilaxmi Coir Industry,	Curled Rope	8	2011
	Jangavari veedhi,Munganda,			
	P.Gannavaram Mandal,EGDt.			
90	M/s Savithri Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2011
	Pothavaram,P.Gannavaram Mandal,	Spinning		
91	M/s Manga Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2011
	Pothavaram,P. Gannavaram Mandal,	Spinning		
	East Godavari Dt.			
92	M/s Nagamani Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2011
	Indiranagar,Munganda,P.Gannavaram	Spinning		
93	M/s Krishna Kumari Coir Industry,	Curled Coir	8	2011
	Marrigunta,Rajupalem,Rajupalem,			
	Narendrapuram,P. Gannavaram			
94	M/s Vijaya Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2011
	Savaram Road,Savaram,Amalapuram,	Spinning		
95	M/s Ramalinga Coirs,	Automatic	8	2011
	6/76, Brhmani Street, Near Veerabhadra	Spinning		
	Temple,Bandarulanka,Amalapuram			
96	M/s Narayani Coirs,	Automatic	8	2011
	R.Yenugupalli,P.Gannavaram Mandal,	Spinning		
97	M/s Sri Durga Coir Yarns,	Automatic	8	2011
	2-3-20, Market Street, Amalapuram,	Spinning		
98	M/s Koteswara Coir Yarns,	Automatic	8	2011
	Near Veerabhadra Temple,	Spinning		
	Bandarulanka,Amalapuram Mandal,			
99	M/s Chittibabu Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2011
	Jonnalalanka,P.Gannavaram Mandal,	Spinning		

100	M/s Anjalidevi Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2011
	Jonnalalanka,P.Gannavaram Mandal,	Spinning		
101	M/s Neelaveni Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2011
	Ambedkarnagar,P.Gannavaram,	Spinning		
102	M/s Janak Coir Products,	Automatic	8	2011
	Karupallipadu,R.Yenugupalli,EGDt.	Spinning		
103	M/s Janak Sai Coir Products,	Automatic	8	2011
	Karupallipadu,R.Yenugupalli,	Spinning		
	P.Gannvaram Mandal,East Godavari Dt.			
104	M/s Venkata Laxmi Coirs,	Automatic	8	2011
	Karupallipadu,R.Yenugupalli,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavaram Mandal,East Godavari Dt.			
105	M/s Cinna Coir Yarns,	Automatic	8	2011
	Karupallipadu,R.Yenugupalli,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavarma Mandal,EGDt.			
106	M/s Narayana Coir Yarns,	Automatic	8	2011
	Karupallipadu,R.Yenugupalli,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavaram Mandal,East Godavari Dt.			
107	M/s Mangadevi Coir,	Automatic	8	2009
	Peruru, Amalapuram Mandal, EGDt.	Spinning		
108	M/s Malini Coir,	Automatic	8	2009
	Savaram, Amalapuram,EGDt.	Spinning		
109	M/s Laxmi Coirs,	Automatic	8	2010
	Gollakotivaripalem,Kothapeta Mandal,	Spinning		
110	M/s Ganapathi Coir,	Automatic	8	2010
	Gollakotivaripalem,Kothapeta Mandal,	Spinning		
111	M/s Durga Coirs,	Automatic	8	2010
	Bodapativaripalem,P.Gannavaram	Spinning		
112	M/s Laxmi Coirs,	Automatic	8	2010
	Bodapativaripalem,P.Gannavadram	Spinning		
113	M/s Laxmi Tulasi Coir,	Automatic	8	2010
	Machavaram, Ambajipeta Mandal	Spinning		
114	M/s Sri Lakshmi Durga Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Peruru, Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.	Spinning		
115	M/s Satyaprasad Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Peruru, Amalapuram Mandal,	Spinning		
116	M/s Sai Srilakshmi Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Pothailanka, Ambajipeta Mandal, E.G.Dt.	Spinning		
117	M/s Mahadeva Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Gangalakurru Agraharam,	Spinning		
118	M/s Veeraveni Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013

	Boddapativari Palem,P.Gannavaram	Spinning		
119	M/s Maanasa Fibres,	Automatic	8	2013
	1-125, R.Yenugupalli,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavaram Mandal,E.G.Dt.			
120	M/s Sankar Fibres,	Automatic	8	2013
	2-3-20, Market Street, Amalapuram,	Spinning		
121	M/s Neela Coir,	Automatic	8	2013
	107/6a, Main Road, Bandarulanka,	Spinning		
	Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.			
122	M/s Neeraja Coir,	Automatic	8	2013
	107/6a, Main Road, Bandarulanka,	Spinning		
	Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.			
123	M/s Shanmukha Fibres,	Automatic	8	2013
	107/6a, Main Road, Bandarulanka,	Spinning		
	Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.			
124	M/s Nalini Coir,	Automatic	8	2013
	107/6a, Main Road, Bandarulanka,	Spinning		
	Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.			
125	M/s Lakshmi Sai Coir Yarn Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Isukapudi, Ambajipeta Mandal,EGDt.	Spinning		
126	M/s Sri Sidhivinayaka Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Isukapudi,Ambajipeta Mandal,E.G.Dt.	Spinning		
127	M/s Varasidhi Vinayaka Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Gunnepalli Agraharam,Amalapuram	Spinning		
128	M/s Jai Ram Fibres,	Curled Rope	8	2013
	2-3-20, Market Street, Amalapuram,			
129	M/s Hemalatha Fibres,	Curled Rope	8	2013
	2-56, Brahmin Street, Manepalli,			
	P.Gannavaram Mandal, E.G.Dt.			
130	M/s J.K.Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Chinthavaripeta, Udumudi, P.O.	Spinning		
	Gannavaram Mandal, EGDt			
131	M/s Sri Satyamamba Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	3-150,Tatikayalavari Palem,	Spinning		
	P.Gannavaram Mandal,			
132	M/s Sri Sai Manikanta Coir Spinning Unit	Automatic	8	2013
	3-94,Thondavaram,Vakalagaruvu	Spinning		
	Ambajipeta Mandal,EGDt.			
		Fibre		
133	M/s Raju Coir Industry,	Extraction	8	2013
	11-1-58,Ganikamma Temple Street,			

	Amalapuram,EGDt.			
134	M/s. Venkata Lakshmi Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Indupalli, Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.	Spinning		
135	M/s Jai Vijaya Durga Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Peruru, Amalapuram Mandal,EGDt.	Spinning		
136	M/s. Sri Kanakadurga Coir Industry,	Automatic	8	2013
	Sivalayam Street, Palivela, Kothapeta	Spinning		
137	M/s Rajeswari Coir Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	4-1-20/A,Bhupayya Agraharam	Spinning		
	Gopalakrishna Street, Amalapuram			
138	M/s Vijaya Durga Coir Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	Gowthami Nagar,Peruru,Amalapuram	Spinning		
		Fibre		
139	M/s Anjaneya Coir Industry	Extraction	8	2013
	R S No.93/6,Machavaram,Ambajapeta			
140	M/s Ananthalakshmi Coir Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	2-123 Tondavaram, Ambajapeta Mandal	Spinning		
141	M/s Srinivasa Coir Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	Machavaram, Ambajapeta Mandal,	Spinning		
		Fibre		
142	M/s Rajeswari Coir Industry	Extraction	8	2013
	Machavaram, Ambajapeta Mandal,			
143	M/s Harsha Manikanda Coir Yarn Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	Potahi Lanka,Ambajapeta Mandal,	Spinning		
144	M/s Mary Matha Coir Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	Isukapudi,Ambajapeta Mandal,EGDt.	Spinning		
145	M/s Neeharika Coir Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	2-103,Isukapudi,Ambajapeta Mandal,	Spinning		
		Fibre		
146	M/s Bala Srinivasayya Coir Industry	Extraction	8	2013
	Isukapudi, Ambajapeta Mandal,			
147	M/s Sathish Coir Yarn Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	4-32/1,Isukapudi,Ambajapeta Mandal,	Spinning		
148	M/s Sai Ganesh Coir Yarn Industry	Automatic	8	2013
	2-75,Isukapudi,Ambajapeta Mandal,	Spinning		
1.40		Fibre	10	1004
149	Sri Venkata Suresh Coir Prodts.	extraction	18	1991
	Isukapudi, Ambajipeta Mandal,	Fibre		
150	Sri Venkata Suresh Coir Prodts.	extraction	18	1991
150	Isukapudi, Ambajipeta Mandal,	CAUACHOII	10	1791
	Isukapudi, Allibajipeta Malidal,			

Chapter: 2 Cluster Value Chain Mapping

2.1. Product Profile:

Sufficient quantity of raw material (Coir Husk) though produced in the cluster is diverted as fuel in the Brick Manufacturing units along with Firewood during summer season. None of the entrepreneurs mentioned about raw material problem. Nowadays there is no much demand for husk as the export of coir fibre has been lowered. The coir units however produce traditional coir products like Fibre, Yarn and Curled coir and sell in domestic markets and also at national level. As the profit margins are less, the entrepreneurs are purchasing the coir husk at lower price.

The main cluster products include coir fibre and curled coir.

a) Coir Fibre

Coir fibre is extracted from the fibrous outer cover of the fruit of the coconut palm, with or without retting. Coir fibre is graded based on its nature of extraction, colour, presence of long and short fibres, impurities etc.

b) Curled Coir

Curled Coir is mainly used for manufacturing rubberized mattresses, pillows and cushions.

2.2. Production Process

Majority entrepreneurs are adopting traditional technology for manufacturing coir fibre, curled coir in their units and some of the entrepreneurs are adopting available latest technology in their units All the units in the cluster have regular production throughout the year and for some units the Coconut Husk (Raw material) is not available during rainy season for two months i.e. from July to August every year.

a) Coir Fibre Extraction

The coconut husk collected from the farms is first fed in to the disintegrator where it is crushed. The crushed husk is soaked in water for one Week. The soaked material in fed into the decorticator to separate fibre and pith. The fibre is dried in the sunlight and is pressed in the form of 35-Kg bundles by using balling press. The bales are sold to the coir products manufactures based at near by Districts & States.

b) Automatic two ply yarn Spinning

Coir yarn spinning is similar to cotton yarn spinning. The processes involved given here under: Willowing, Slivering, Spinning, Winding. Coir fibre obtained from fibre extraction units is wetted by spraying water. After 2-3 hours the wetted fibre is passed through the willowing machine to remove the impurities and the place the fibre and parallel to each other. The fibre is then fed in to slivering machine wherein it is converted in to sliver form. The slivers are spun into yarn as per specifications in the spinning machine. The yarn is then cleaned and wound in to rolls and is now ready for the market.

c) Curled coir

Coir fibre obtained from fibre extraction units is wetted by spraying water. Then the fibre was cleaned by using of Turbo cleaner. The fibre is then fed in to curling machine wherein it is converted into curled rope. The curled rope is then rolled by using of winding machine. Finally it is dispatched into manufacturing of coir bed units.

Presently the units are working with traditional manufacturing techniques that are

obsolete. Practically the tiny units of this cluster are not using any machinery and

all operations are carried out by hand by the artisans. Now-a-days everything has

got mechanized in several areas. These machines will be made popular through the

cluster development program to make this cluster to convert into mechanization

and value addition. The machineries widely used for fibre extraction is

Decorticator. The Spinning process is mostly done by Automatic Yarn Spinning

Machine. (Single headed machine & double headed machine). The machinery

manufacturers namely Kartikeya Engineering Works & Sri Lakshmi Coir Machines

are available at the cluster itself. So, the machinery manufacturer's support as well

as service is easily availed at the cluster anytime.

2.3. Value Chain Analysis

Yield of nuts per acre of plantation:

6000 to 10000

Average Yield of nuts per acre of plantation: 8000

Cost of 4000 Nos of husks to carry in tractor to processing unit:

Amount paid to farmer:

Rs 1500

Loading & Unloading charges:

Rs 500

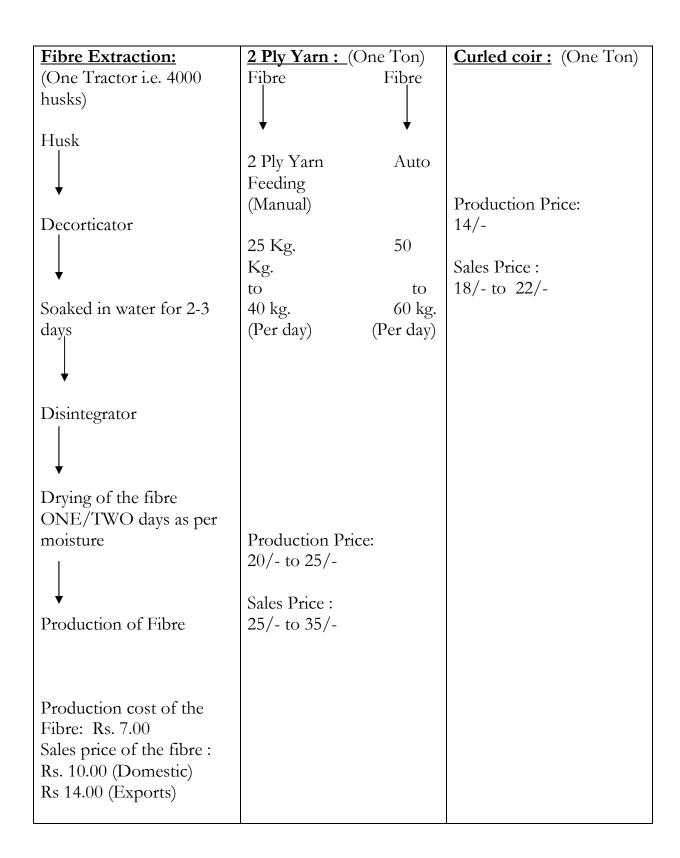
Tractor Freight:

Rs 1500

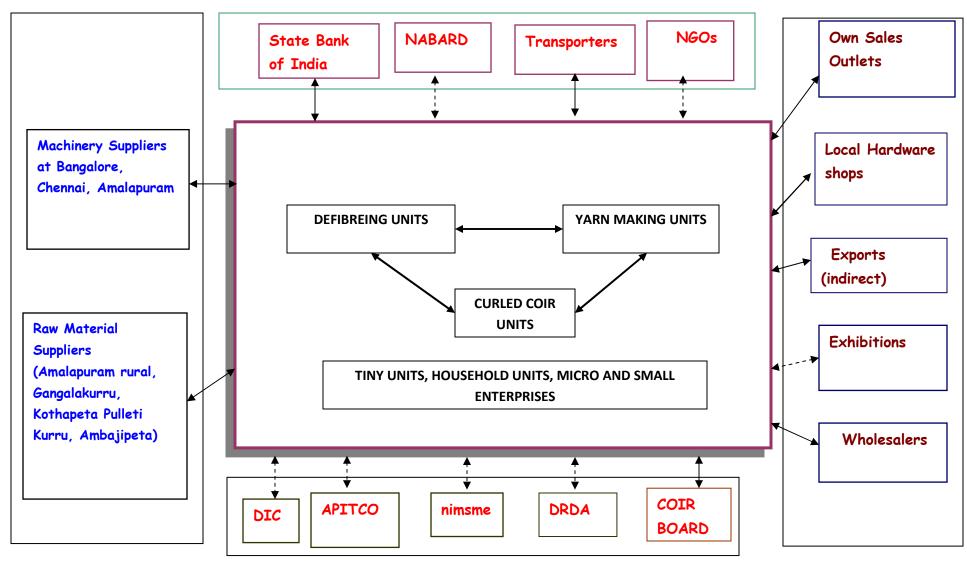
Total cost:

Rs 3500

Cost of each husk including transport: Rs 0.88



2.4. Cluster Map



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2.5. Principal Stakeholders:

The Public and Private Service Providers /Support Institutions in the cluster are:

Coir Board:

Coir Board is the Nodal Agency for the SFURTI scheme. The Coir Board was set up by the Government of India under an act of parliament the coir Industry act 1953. Coir Board provides financial, market development, skill training assistance for the development of coir Industry and also extends the technical guidance and advice for setting up of new units as well as for renewal/ modernization of existing units for development and increasing productivity, quality up-gradation etc. Coir Board is implementing SFURTI scheme for revival of traditional coir industries.

District Industries Centre:

The 'District Industries Centre' (DIC) was started by the central government in 1978 with the objective of promoting micro, small, and medium industries in a particular area and to make available all necessary services and facilities at one place. DIC acts as the focal point of the industrialization of the district, prepares the industrial profile of the district, counsel and assists entrepreneurs in selection of business ideas; provide information about local sources of raw materials and their availability, manpower assessment with respect to skilled, semi-skilled workers. DIC organizes entrepreneurship development training programs, provides information about various government schemes, subsidies, grants and assistance available from the other corporations set up for promotion of industries, assessment of availability of infrastructure facilities, gives SSI registration and prepares techno-economic feasibility report. The entrepreneurs expressed that DIC is providing techno-managerial services for the cluster enterprises.

APITCO Ltd

APITCO, incorporated in 1976, is a premier Technical Consultancy Organisation promoted jointly by all-India financial institutions (IDBI, IFCI, ICICI), industry development corporations in Andhra Pradesh (APIDC, APSFC) and Commercial Banks (Andhra Bank, Indian Bank, State Bank of India, Syndicate Bank). APITCO provides a wide range of consulting services, especially to SMEs in project identification, project counselling, pre-feasibility reports, detailed project feasibility studies, infrastructure planning, market assessment, expansion, diversification and turnaround strategies, energy audits, waste minimisation, environment impact assessment, valuation of fixed assets, skill development etc. Extending handholding to micro entrepreneurs through its 'escort services' is APITCO's USP. APITCO has been actively engaged in the development of fruit processing, foundry, readymade garments, handloom cotton durries and mango jelly clusters in Andhra Pradesh. During 11th five years plan, APITCO has successfully implemented SFURTI programme in Rajahmundry and Srikakulam Coir Clusters

Machinery Suppliers:

There is good number of machinery suppliers supporting the cluster enterprises. M/s Kartikeya Coir Machinery manufacturers and M/s Sri Lakhsmi Coir Industries are existing in the cluster. The well known machinery suppliers like M/s Sukumar Engineering Exports have branch office in Amalapuram. Some of the other machinery suppliers are mentioned below:

- 1. 2M Engineering Company, Bangalore for manufacturing of Coir Fibre process
- 2. S.G. Engineering Company, Tirunalveli for manufacturing of coir rope
- 3. Balu Engineering Company, Tirunalveli for manufacturing of coir rope
- 4. Venkateswara Engg. Works, Yelamanchili for manufacturing of coir fibre
- 5. Indira Industries, Coimbattore for loading of materials and manufacturing of fibre
- 6. Godwell Engineering Products, Coimbatore make all kinds of coir machinery

R&D, Testing & Training Institutions:

The two associate institutes of coir board namely Central Coir Research Institute and National Coir Training & Design Centre provide requisite information for the entrepreneurs and also conduct training to create skilled manpower, evolve new designs and popularize the same. Further they also undertake research activities for development of new products/ processes.

Commercial banks & Micro finance institutions:

Entrepreneurs are getting finance mainly from State Bank of India, Andhra Bank, and Indian overseas Bank. NABARD and Chaitanya Godavari Grameena Bank are providing MSME loans and other financial products for cluster enterprises.

ni-msme:

National Institute for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (**ni-msme**) is a reputed national level entrepreneurship development institute with expertise in cluster development methodology. **ni-msme** helps the practicing entrepreneurs through a host of services like research, consultancy, information, training, education and extension. It is the technical agency for the clusters approved under the SFURTI scheme. The institute assists the nodal agency in training of the cluster development agents, the implementing agency, validation of cluster action plans, monitoring, and evaluation etc.

Market Assessment and Demand Analysis

The Coir Industry is one of the oldest industries in India. The raw material of which is coconut husk and it is a waste of coconut. The extracted coir out of the coconut husk has been used in several products like door mats, floor covering, brooms and brushes for regular use in day to day life. This Industry is providing employment to the rural masses that need not to relocate their native places. The final products from coir are mostly eco friendly and have good export potential. Both Union and State Governments are announcing several packages for the growth of this Industry and extending their support. The coir Industry is creating wealth from waste and creating employment in rural areas thereby not only avoiding migration of labor but also strengthening the rural economy. By recognizing the importance of Coir Industry, the Government of India set up a separate Board for its overall development called Coir Board working under the ministry of MSME.

Currently, the global annual production of coir fiber is about 350,000 metric tons (MT). The world's top two producers, India and Sri Lanka, which account for about 90% of global coir fiber production, process only a fraction of the available husks. In the 1980s and 90s, global exports of coir fiber fell by almost half, as Western consumers shifted to synthetic foam and fibers. Then, since 1990, rapidly growing domestic demand in India more than doubled global production benefiting exclusively the Indian coir industry. Finally, since 2001, a rising Chinese demand for coir, an expanding market for coir-based erosion control products, and the spread of coir pith as a peat moss substitute in horticulture has further pushed up global production and prices. In turn, other coconut growing countries, including Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam are

now expanding their production and export of coir fiber. These changes are also reflected in the international trade in coir.

Exports of Coir & Coir Products from India (April 2016- March 2018)

Q = Quantity in MT V = Value in Rs.Lak										Rs.Lakhs		
	MARCH 2018 MA		MARC	MARCH 2017 %Growth Mon		Monthly	onthly April 17- Mar 18		April 16 - Mar 17		% Growth Cumulative	
ltem	Q	V	Q	٧	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	٧
Coir fibre	17798	3738.47	47530	7336.72	-62.6	-49.0	374320	70177.88	370357	53913.63	1.1	30.2
Coir Yam	356	299.52	297	200.79	19.9	49.2	3328	2457.66	4426	2948.32	-24.8	-16.6
Handloom Mat	1596	1641.82	1647	1761.77	-3.1	-6.8	18277	18613.96	20143	21316.31	-9.3	-12.7
Poweloom Mat	32	51.90	0	0.00			37	57.75	166	196.38	-77.8	-70.6
Tufted Mat	4150	3852.00	4759	4349.02	-12.8	-11.4	54279	49591.41	51718	48442.83	5.0	2.4
Handloom Matting	72	120.83	123	130.90	-41.9	-7.7	1117	1394.79	1272	1535.25	-12.2	-9.1
Powerloom Matting	63	101.17	0	0.00	-	-	131	216.49	0	0.00	-	-
Coir Geotextiles	566	389.94	619	349.08	-8.5	11.7	5845	3996.59	6219	4481.04	-6.0	-10.8
Coir Rugs & Carpets	11	11.74	29	33.24	-61.7	-64.7	254	269.58	205	271.92	24.0	-0.9
Coir Rope	52	40.08	59	38.99	-12.6	2.8	491	401.72	484	388.50	1.4	3.4
Curled Coir	925	262.57	713	163.82	29.8	60.3	8800	2316.26	10356	2419.30	-15.0	4.3
Rubberised Coir	165	298.02	226	288.90	-27.1	3.2	900	1388.64	888	1295.64	1.4	7.2
Coir Pith	70564	13209.02	56703	10253.17	24.4	28.8	548479	101846.82	490552	90539.11	11.8	12.5
Coir Other Sorts**	10	18.10	60	76.38	-83.9	-76.3	306	498.29	256	416.59	19.4	19.6
Total	96359	24035.18	112764	24982.78	-14.5	-3.8	1016564	253227.84	957045	228164.82	6.2	11.0

Quantity is Rounded off

Historically, Sri Lanka had been the world's largest exporter of various fiber grades, whereas India exports largely value added products – yarn, mats, and rugs. While in 1990 about 80% of global production was exported, growth of the Indian domestic market dropped that rate to below 40%. Global trade volume for coir fiber, value added products – yarn, mats, rugs – and coir pith now stands at about \$140 million per year with India and Sri Lanka respectively accounting for about \$70 and \$60 million of that amount. This may not seem much but in the coconut regions of producing countries coir is an important economic factor. In Sri Lanka, coir related exports account for 6% of agricultural exports, over 1% of all exports and 0.35% of GDP. Moreover, coir milling and value addition, mostly spinning and weaving, are important regional employers, particularly in rural Southern India and coastal Sri Lanka. They give

^{**} Coir Braids, Poles, Bags, Fenders & Coir Fancy Items.

work to 500,000 plus people, many of them women working part-time. Yet, working conditions and productivity are generally poor.

The challenge for industry is to sustainably expand markets for this versatile renewable resource while maintaining its role as employer for the rural poor. This may require producers to innovate production, improve product consistency, and in particular develop novel applications – jointly with their customers in importing countries. Businesses, public agencies and research institutes are now addressing this challenge in multilateral projects worldwide – setting examples that global trade can be beneficial to all parties involved. Indian coir industry is an important cottage industry contributing significantly to the economy of the major coconut growing States and Union Territories, i.e., Kerala, Tamil nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Maharashtra, Goa, Orissa, Assam, Andaman & Nicobar, Lakshadweed, Pondicherry, etc. About .5.5 lakh persons get employment, mostly part time, in this industry. The exports from this industry are around Rs. 70 crores. Coconut husk is the basic raw material for coir products. Around 50 per cent of the available coir husk is used to produce coir products. Hence, there is scope for growth of coir industry.

Not more than 50 per cent of the coconut husks is utilised in the coir industry, the remaining being used as fuel in rural areas. Production in the cooperative fold is not more than 20 to 25 per cent. The development programmes so far undertaken aimed at revitalisation of coir cooperatives, improvement in quality and products diversification. Efforts were also made for exploring wider export markets for coir and coir products. Judged from the increase in production and employment, the progress has been rather slow and exports in physical terms have remained mere or lets static.

Andhra Pradesh is the largest state in the southern peninsular region, with an area of 2,75,100 sq. kms and a coastal line of 974 kms. Out of 2.75 lakhs Sq.

Kms of the State, 14.5 Lakhs hectares are under cultivation. 1.02 lakhs hectares are under coconut cultivation. Annually Andhra Pradesh produces around 110 crores of coconuts. These are predominantly in the coastal districts of Srikakulam, Vijayanagaram, East Godavari, West Godavari and Krishna. Andhra Pradesh is the fourth largest producer of coir with an output of 28,900 tonnes of coir fibre. The utilisation of husk being 31 per cent of the total production of coconuts in the State, there is still plenty of scope for coir production. In Andhra Pradesh, around 41,000 people are employed in this sector and 80 per cent of them being women. There are good export opportunities for coir and coir pith and it can be taken up on large scale as the product is plenty available. To satisfy the needs of the local Coir Industry, the Coir Board establishes one of its regional offices at Visakhapatnam in Andhra Pradesh and later on it was shifted to Rajahmundry, East Godavari District to make available to the larger number of beneficiaries.

Around 500 micro and small coir industries are working in East Godavari district and producing coir fibre, yarn, mats and curled coir. Disposal of coir pith is a major problem in this industry few years back but with the use of coir pith as a bio fertilizer, there is large demand for coir pith now a day. Further, there is export potential for coir pith blocks and scope for geo textiles, coir ply boards and other productions for new state capital of the state. Coir Board has taken up an aggressive action plan to develop coir units during 12th plan period and DIC is giving its fill fledged support. In view of the above, there is good scope for production of value added coir products like curled coir, needle felt, coir pith blocks, garden articles and coco peat etc.,

Chapter - 4 SWOT and Gap Analysis

4.1 SWOT analysis

Strengths

- Availability of sufficient quantity of husk in the cluster
- Demand for cluster products in domestic and national markets
- Support from State Government and Coir Board for sector development
- Requirement of low capital to start coir activity
- Eco friendly products
- Availability of Labor at reasonable wages

Weaknesses

- Requirement of large area for Coir pith
- Lack of collective marketing efforts
- Low level of modernization and up gradation of technologies in the cluster
- Presence of middle men/agents leads to fluctuation of raw material and finished products
- Lack of business skills
- Insufficient working capital and poor financial linkages

Opportunities

- Growing Domestic and International Markets especially for new coir products
- Locational advantages.
- Proactive farmers to start coir industry
- · Nearness to Visakhapatnam and Kakinada ports which facilitate for exports
- Scope for product diversification and manufacturing value added coir products

Challenges

- Competition from synthetic fiber
- Heavy competition from domestic clusters
- Production fluctuation due to floods/ influence of middlemen
- Shortage/irregular supply of electricity
- Usage of Husk as fuel by power plants and brick making units

4.2 Need Gap analysis

Technology related:

- No technology related issues in the cluster. There is good scope for value addition and making innovative coir products. But, none of the unit is focusing on producing value added products and also technology is not available.
- Lack of awareness on new coir products and required technology to make them
- Lack of knowledge on the product manufacturing and processes

Market related:

- The middlemen are influencing raw material and fibre cost due to insufficient
 working capital and also poor cooperation among cluster enterprises. The local
 entrepreneurs are not ready to take risk and always depend on select buyers and
 not focusing on export opportunities and also grab opportunities from new
 capital of the state.
- The members expressed their inability to create market linkages as they were concentrating on production processes and related areas of the industry thus a gap with respect to marketing etc. The gap is to be filled in by a BDS consultant.
- Cluster members concerned on understanding product marketing, product related positioning, sales, and impact on credit cycle as present credit cycle is well established in the market.

Power related:

 Adequate power supply is not available in the state and power cut resulting in low production of the coir products in the district.

Chapter - 5 Profile of the Implementing Agency & SPV

Profile of the Implementing Agency

ADITYA GLOBAL BUSINESS INCUBATOR, KAKINADA funded by Department of Science & Technology, Government of India which is registered under the Andhra Pradesh Societies Registration Act 2001.

Aditya group has established a Global Business Incubator, which acts as a springboard to budding entrepreneurs who wish to launch themselves into the world of business. It fosters the innovative and smart ideas of students and provides necessary support for successful completion. AGBI provides infrastructure, access to business support services, mentoring, training programs to enhance skills of entrepreneurs and seed capital. The Institute has wide network with various Engineering Colleges in Andhra Pradesh and Telangana.

Since its inception AGBI has been organizing various events like Google-start-up weekend, e-weekend, hackathons, seminars and others awareness programs to push the ideas of students in the right direction. The main objective of all these programs is to find innovative projects that solve local problems.

So far 96 business ideas have been developed

- 100 + business ideas have been identified as commercially viable business models.
- 4 business models are in implementation stage.
- 2 business models getmytailor.com and getmybooks.com have registered as companies and are reaping benefits.
- 30 + business models have registered as companies and are reaping benefits.

Profile of SPV

1. Name of the company: Krushivala Coconut Farmers Producer

Company Limited

(Registered under Companies Act)

2. Village & Mandal: Ambajipeta & Ambajipeta

3. Address: Door NoO.3-53, Mainroad, Ambajipeta,

East Godavarai -533214, Andhra Pradesh.

4. Corporate Office: D.No.1-144/1, Upstairs, PACs, Ambajipeta

5. Registration No: CIN: U01100AO2017PTC105498

24, March, 2017.

6. No of Farmers: 1,160 members

7. Details of crops existing: 3,300 Acers

8. Cultivation activity: Coconut, Coco, Arecanut, Banana, Vegetables

9. Contact details: Mr. Ganapati Veera Ragavulu, Director

(M): 98850 92299,

Mr. Nimmakayala Satish Babu, CEO

(M): 97053 48130

10. Target of Share Capital: Rs. 40 Lakhs

11. Share Capital Collected: Rs. 36.40 Lakhs

12. Bank Account: Andhra Bank

Krushivala Coconut Farmers Producer Company Limited is a farmer's producers company registered under Companies Act having 1160 farmers. There are 40 coir entrepreneurs in the company. They regularly make coconut samplings and supply to the farmers at nominal price. A work shed of 31feet * 54 feet is constructed on their own for coir extraction, storage of coconuts and also for the farmers requirement.

They have taken Ac 3.00 of land on lease basis for 15 years to construct common facility centre.

Chapter - 6 Project Concepts & Strategy Framework

6.1. Project Rationale

The cluster analysis indicates that the infrastructure available with the cluster is suitable for making traditional products of low value and none of the unit is manufacturing high value products like pith blocks, needle felt, coco peat etc which have good demand in domestic and international markets. The production of value added products is going to increase profitability of individual enterprises and also wages of the workers. Further in order to create duel income for the artisans and also attract new artisans and provide sustained employment, it is proposed to focus on manufacturing of value added products involving large number of proactive farmers, industries and coir workers of the cluster.

6.2. Project Objectives

- To create agripreneurs
- To upgrade skills of traditional artisans & farmers
- To create awareness on production of value added products
- To improve artisan wages by at least 30%
- To improve profitability of enterprises by 20%
- To enhance cluster turnover by 50%
- To create networks for marketing new value added products

6.3. Strategy:

- 1. Skill up-gradation of coir workers to improve quality and productivity and also to make value added products.
- 2. Create awareness on latest technologies and scope for manufacturing of various coir products suitable for cluster enterprises
- 3. Exposure visit to other successful clusters, Central Coir Research Institute and National Coir Training & Design Centre and machinery manufacturers to study and understand latest technologies available for making value added products
- 4. Deployment of market research consultant to identify new markets and demand for high value coir products
- 5. Development of new designs and new products by availing services from NID or any other suitable BDS
- 6. Using social media to reach new markets and customers
- 7. Participating in trade fairs and exhibitions conducted by coir board and other agencies, so as to learn changing marketing condition, technology process and customer requirements/preferences.
- 8. Motivate farmers opinion leaders, proactive entrepreneurs and other members to create Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) for collective efforts and cluster interventions
- 9. Establishment of Common Facility Centre for manufacturing of coir products like pith blocks, coco peat, garden articles etc.

Chapter - 7

Project Interventions

Based on the cluster analysis and interaction with the farmers/ entrepreneurs, the following interventions are proposed under SFURTI programme.

7.1. Soft Interventions

- Exposure visits to machinery suppliers and coir industries in Tamil Nadu to create awareness on production of value added products
- Training of artisans/ prospective entrepreneurs on latest machinery to promote new coir enterprises
- Design of publicity and packaging materials including Product logo, brochure, leaflet, advertising/ display material
- Design and Development of new value added products like coir ply sheets
- Participation in trade fairs
- BDS for Market Research, marketing and sales & designing cluster website

7.2. Hard Interventions

 Creating common facility centre for production of coir pith blocks, coco peat, garden articles etc.

Chapter 8 Project cost and Means of Finance

8.1. Project cost

The project cost including the grant, support for soft and hard interventions, remuneration to technical agency, implementing agency and CDE will be as under:

Project cost & Means of Finance

(Rs in lakhs)

S. No.	Intervention	NA	SPV	Total cost
1	Soft intervention	25.00	-	25.00
2	Hard Intervention	282.99	31.44	314.43
3	TA cost	25.15	-	25.15
4	IA/ CDE cost	20.00	-	20.00
	Total	353.14	31.44	384.58

Means of Finance

(Rs in lakhs)

	Amount in
Particulars	Rs. Lakhs
SPV contribution	31.44
GoI Grant	353.14
Total	384.58

Chapter 9 Plan for Convergence Initiatives

Potential convergence initiatives could be

- To take initiatives to dovetail schemes and Programmes of Coconut Development Board and Department of Agriculture, Government of Andhra Pradesh for strengthening of backward linkages
- To implement Programmes of District Rural Development Authority
- Networking with NGOs/ CSR foundations to train artisans to make specialized products and discourage supply of husk to power plants
- Manufacturing and supply of specialized green products to tourism, educational and hospitality institutions

Chapter 10

Action Plan

S. No.	Activity	Amount Rs in Lakhs
	Soft Interventions	- Lunio
1	Awareness Programmes on MSME Schemes for farmers and entrepreneurs	2.00
2	Exposure visits to machinery suppliers and coir industries in Tamil Nadu to create awareness on production of value added products	2.00
3	Training of farmers/ prospective entrepreneurs on latest machinery to promote new coir enterprises	2.00
4	Design of publicity and packaging materials including Product logo, brochure, leaflet, advertising/ display material	3.00
5	Participation in trade fairs	5.00
6	BDS for Market Research to find business opportunities and develop market linkages	8.00
7	Designing cluster website	3.00
	Sub- Total (A)	25.00

(B). Hard Interventions

Common Facility Centre for manufacturing of Coir Pith Blocks, Needle felt, Coco peat, & Garden Articles

S.No	Particulars	Amount
1)	Fibre Extraction Unit Inclusive of Loaders, Auto Feeders, Conveyors etc.,	65.00
2)	Coir Pith Block Machine (5 Kgs)	20.00
3)	Coir Garden Articles including Oven and Moulds.	30.00
4)	Bull smart for internal transport	22.00
5)	Needled Felt plant 200 cm width.	30.00
6)	Shrink Wrapping Equipment.	3.00
7)	Work Sheds. 2Nos.3500sft.	80.00
8)	Electrical Transformer, installation, office furniture pre and post operative expenses	32.00
	Total	Rs. 282.00

Chapter 11 Project Time Line

11.1. Soft Interventions

		201	9-20		202	0-21		2	202-2	2
S.No.	Activity	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
	Awareness Programmes on MSME Schemes for farmers									
1	and entrepreneurs									
	Exposure visits to machinery suppliers and coir industries in Tamil									
2	Nadu to create awareness on production of value added products									
3	Training of farmers/ prospective entrepreneurs on latest machinery to promote new coir enterprises									
4	Design of publicity and packaging materials including Product logo, brochure, leaflet, advertising/ display material									
5	Participation in trade fairs									
6	BDS for Market Research to find business opportunities and develop market linkages									
7	Designing cluster website									

11.2. Hard Interventions

		Financial Year							
		2019-20 202			0-21				
S. No	Activity	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1	Civil works								
2	Bidding process for machinery								
3	Electrical works								
	Installation of Machinery &								
4	commissioning								
5	Trial production								
6	Commercial Production								

Chapter 12 Business Plan

- It is proposed to create infrastructure to manufacture coir fibre, needle felt, coir pith blocks and coco peat to market in domestic and international markets.
- The machinery is to be established in the leased premises which is located at Pullelavaripeta village, Avidi, Kothapeta Mandal of East Godavari District
- The sheds of 3500 sqft are to be constructed and machinery layout may be finalized in consultation with machinery suppliers
- The SPV has already identified a team to look out day to day activities
- It is assumed that 70% of the capacity may be utilized in the first year with incremental 5% in subsequent years

	Amount Rs. In
Cost of the Project	lakhs
Land	0.00
Work Sheds with Water	
connection	80.00
Machinery & Equipment	
Electrical works	192.00
Office Furniture & Computers	5.00
Preliminary and Pre opr.	
Expenses	5.00
	282.00
Working Capital	32.43
Grand total	314.43

Machinery and Equipment	Amount Rs. In
-	lakhs
Fibre Extraction Unit Inclusive	

of Loaders, Auto Feeders, Conveyors etc., Coir Pith Block Machine (5 Kgs), Coir Garden Articles including Oven and Moulds, Bull smart for internal transport, Needled Felt plant 200 cm width, Shrink Wrapping Equipment	
Office Furniture & Fixtures, Computers, Printer, Fax Xerox etc	5.00

	Amount Rs. In
Capital Investment	lakhs
Land	0.00
Work Sheds & Electrical and	
Water connection	80.00
Machinery & Equipment	192.00
Furniture & Fixtures	5.00
	277.00

Preliminary and Pre Operative	Amount Rs. In
Expenses	lakhs
Registration and Documentation	5.00
Taxes, Licenses etc	
	5.00

	Amount Rs. In
Fixed Capital (Assets)	lakhs
Work Sheds & Electrical and	
Water connection	80.00
Machinery & Equipment	192.00
Furniture & Fixtures	5.00
Preliminary and Pre opr.	
Expenses	5.00
	282.00

	Amount Rs. In		
Raw Materials	lakhs		
Husk	259.20		
	259.20		

	Yearly Amount
Utilities	Rs. In lakhs
Electricity, water, fuel	72.00
	72.00

Salaries and Wages	Yearly Amount Rs. In lakhs
	66.00

	Yearly Amount
Other Expenses	Rs. In lakhs
Consumables	6.00
Repairs & maintenance	6.00
Fuel & Lubricants	12.00
Rent, Staff Welfare	4.00
	28.00

	Yearly Amount		
Total Working Capital	Rs. In lakhs		
Raw Materials	259.20		
Utilities	36.00		
Salaries and Wages	66.00		
Other	28.00		
Rent for Leased Land	0		
pa	389.20		
pm	32.43		

	Amount Rs. In
Total Capital Investment	lakhs
Fixed Assets	282.00
Working Capital for one month	32.43
	314.43

Yearly Am		
Cost of Production	Rs. In lakhs	
Total working Capital	389.2	
Depreciation on Machinery	28.8	
Depreciation Furniture and		
Fixtures	0.75	
Depreciation on Building	8.00	
	426.75	

Sales Turnover	Yearly Amount Rs. In lakhs
By sale of needle felt, garden	
articles, pith blocks and coco	
peat	554

	Yearly Amount
Fixed Cost per annum	Rs. In lakhs
Depreciation on Machinery	28.8
Depreciation Furniture and	
Fixtures	0.75
Depreciation on Building	8.00
Salaries and Wages - 40%	26.4
Utilities - 40%	28.8
Other expenses 40%	11.2
	103.95
	Yearly Amount
Variable Cost	Rs. In lakhs
Cost of Production	426.75
Less: Fixed Cost	103.95
	322.8
	Yearly Amount
Profit	Rs. In lakhs
Sales	554
Cost of Production	426.75
Gross profit	127.25
Less: Selling and Admn.	
Expenses 2% of sales)	11.08
Net Profit	116.17

Break Even Analysis

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
Particulars	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
Sales	554.00	609.40	670.34	737.37	811.11
Variable Cost	322.80	355.08	390.59	429.65	472.61
Contribution(sales-VC)	231.20	254.32	279.75	307.73	338.50
Fixed Cost	103.95	103.95	103.95	103.95	103.95
profit = Contribution -					
fixed cost	127.25	150.37	175.80	203.78	234.55
BEP	0.45	0.41	0.37	0.34	0.31

Estimated Annual Cost of **Production**

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
Particulars	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year
Raw Materials	259.2	285.12	313.63	345.00	379.49
Utilities	72	79.2	87.12	95.83	105.42
Salaries & Wages	66	72.6	79.86	87.85	96.63
Other Expenses	28	30.80	33.88	37.27	40.99
Depreciation on					
Machinery	28.8	24.48	20.81	17.69	15.03
Depreciation on					
Furniture	0.75	0.6375	0.54	0.46	0.39
Depreciation on Building	8.00	7.6	7.22	6.86	6.52
Total	462.75	500.44	543.06	590.95	644.48

Key Financial Indicators	3				
BEP	0.45	0.41	0.37	0.34	0.31
Return On Investment = Return /Investment					
(without working capital	0.45	0.53	0.62	0.72	0.83
% of profit over sales	23	25	26	28	29

Chapter 13 Project Planning, Implementation and Monitoring

13.1 Project Planning

During preparation of Detailed Project report (DPR), the Technical Agency, **ni-msme** had discussed with the coir board, implementing agency/ SPV members to be associated in the project on critical problems, suitable interventions to overcome the problem areas including soft and hard interventions.

The details of soft interventions are mentioned in earlier report.

- o Awareness Programmes on MSME Schemes for farmers and entrepreneurs
- Exposure visits to machinery suppliers and coir industries in Tamil Nadu to create awareness on production of value added products
- Training of artisans/ prospective entrepreneurs on latest machinery to promote new coir enterprises
- Design of publicity and packaging materials including Product logo,
 brochure, leaflet, advertising/ display material
- o Participation in trade fairs
- BDS for Market Research to find business opportunities and develop market linkages
- Designing cluster website

With respect to the hard interventions, the following are finalized:

- WORK SHED 20X50FEET 2NOS
- DESINTIGRATORS 20HP 2NOS.
- DECORTICATORS 40HP 2NOS
- SCREENERS 2HP 2NOS.
- AUTO FEEDING SPINNING MACHINES 2.5HP 20 NOS
- WILLOWING MACHINES 2HP 3NOS
- AUTO FEED CURLING MACHINES 8HP 6NOS.
- TURBO CLEANER 5HP 2 NOS.
- REWINDING MACHINE 0.5HP 3NOS.
- COCO PEAT SCREENER 2HP 1NO
- COCO PEAT COMPACTING MACHINE 5KG 20HP 1NO.
- COCO PEAT COMPACTING MACHINE 650GM 5HP 1NO.
- NEEDLED FELT MACHINE 1.25MTR WIDTH 20HP 1NO.
- HOT AIR OVEN 1NO
- HYDRAULIC HOT PRESS FOR GARDEN ARTICLES WITH MOULDS 1NO.
- LOADER 1NO.
- LABORATORY FOR TESTING
- PITH PLUS MFG. LAB.
- AIR CONDITIONED ROOM FOR STORAGE OF PITH PLUS.
- SHRINK WRAPPER EQUIPMENT.

Krushivala Coconut Farmers Producer Company Limited is a farmer's producers company registered under Companies Act having 1160 farmers. There are 40 coir entrepreneurs in the company. They regularly make coconut samplings and supply to the farmers at nominal price. A work shed of 31feet * 54 feet is constructed on their own for coir extraction, storage of coconuts and also for the farmers requirement. They have taken Ac 3.00 of land on lease basis for 15 years to construct common facility centre.

The following important tasks are required to be completed during establishment of the above infrastructure at Common Facilities Centre (CFC).

- Formation of purchase committee with representation from IA, NA, TA, CDE, Financial Institution (or Financial expert), Technical Institution (or Technical Expert) and entrepreneurs
- Identification and selection of machinery suppliers
- Procurement of machinery
- Renovation/ Repair of factory sheds
- Installation & Electrification of machinery
- Trial production
- Commercial production

The successful implementation of above activities will depend on the following aspects:

- Scheduling of above activities to implement within the time frame
- SPV has to regularly follow-up with NA & TA; supervision of project progress and managing the same
- Undertaking work by SPV as per the defined time frame in the schedule
- Regular review of project by NA

In order to implement the project successfully, the SPV, NA (Coir Board), IA (SPV), TA (ni-msme), and CDE need to work as a team and coordinate each other from time to time. At the same time it is suggested to carry out these activities simultaneously to reduce the time. All the concerned agencies have to play their role at the appropriate time for successful implementation of the project. It's the responsibility of SPV to regularly interact with NA and TA for their requirements and also to attend or solve any issues.

Some important activities of the above agencies are outlined in the following:

13.1.1. Field office, Coir Board

The Regional Office, Coir Board at Rajamundry is local office of the nodal agency. The nodal agency facilitates SPV in smooth implementation of the project and monitors the progress of proposed CFC in addition to appraising implementation and progress of the CFC to the head office at Kochi.

13.1.2. District Industries Centre, East Godavari District

On behalf of the Government of Andhra Pradesh, the District Industries Centre plays an important role in successful implementation of the project. The DIC also acts as one of the facilitator in smooth functioning of CFC in long run and also helps in fulfilling requirements of IA/SPV for successful operation of CFC.

13.1.3. National Institute for Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (ni-msme)

The Technical Agency, **ni-msme** monitors the cluster on regular basis, and reports to the field office of Nodal Agency, and assists Nodal agency in disbursement of funds.

13.1.4. Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV)

Krushivala Coconut Farmers Producer Company Limited will act as Implementing Agency and also SPV

13.2. Implementation, Monitoring & Evaluation

After receiving final approval of the project from Scheme Steering Committee (SSC), the SPV establishes Cluster Advisory Group headed by District Magistrate and Working Committee for regular monitoring of the project apart from a purchase committee for procurement of machinery for CFC.

13.2.1. Cluster Advisory Group

The Cluster Advisory Group is to be established under the chairmanship of District Magistrate with representation from District Rural Development Authority, Educational Institution, Lead Bank, with the objective of fostering increased level of involvement of various cluster stakeholders and strengthening the implementation of the project.

13.2.2. Working Committee

The working committee is to be formed having nominated members from Regional Office, Coir Board, Implementing Agency, Technical Agency, District Industries Centre, District Rural Development Authority, Commercial Bank/ Lead Bank Manager, Technical Institution and also Cluster Development Executive & senior entrepreneurs from SPV.

The Working Committee will be chaired by Regional officer of coir board and will meet at least once in a month to review the operational and maintenance aspects of the CFC and decide about the user charges. The SPV will open and maintain a corpus fund for maintenance of the CFC. The user charges will go to the corpus. The SPV

on the basis of recommendation of Working Committee may incur expenditure towards maintenance/ augmentation of the CFC.

13.2.3. Purchase Committee

Facilitating the SPV in identification of suitable suppliers of machinery, inviting tenders, bid processing and finalizing tenders are some of the important functions of purchase committee. The Committee will be formed for short term duration at the time of purchase of plant and machinery. The Nodal officer of Coir Board, nominated members from a technical institution, TA, IA, DIC, and senior entrepreneurs will be the members in the committee and the committee is to be chaired by the Nodal Officer.

Chapter 14 Project Outcome

- Creating agripreneurs by setting-up of new micro enterprises
- There will be a perceptible improvement in the quality of life of the artisans thus improving their socio-economic conditions.
- Improved profits by producing high value coir products at CFC
- Influence of middlemen will be reduced.
- Value addition leads to increased turnover, and profit for entrepreneurs and increased wages for artisans
- Continuous work for household enterprises
- Establishment of at least 25 new micro enterprises during project period
- Increase in cluster turnover by at least 50%
- Increase in wages of workers by at least 30%
- Improvement in profitability of enterprises by 20% through improved quality and productivity and value addition



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AFFIDAVIT

I, Vuddaraju Krishnaveni, W/o. Prasada raju, Age 60 years, Housewife, D.No: 16-157, Bank Colony(old), Kothapeta, East Godavari Dist, Andhra Pradesh do hereby solemnly affirm and state on oath as follows:-

I possess Zyroit Land an extent of Ac. 3.00 Cents in R.S No. 582 in Pullelavari Peta, Avidi, Kothapeta Mandal, East Godavari Dist, AP. I leased out the above said land of Ac.3.00 Cents to KRUSHIVALA Coconut Farmers Producer Company Ltd. D.No. 1-144/1, Upstairs, Ambajipeta, East Godavari District, for a period of 15 years. The yearly agreed rent for entire land is at Rs. 1,50,000/- per year and it will be enhanced for every 2 years @ 15 %.

The above contents are true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I am liable for any action taken by the authorities concerned if the above facts are found in correct in future.

Deponent: V St. Know has Vern Solemnly affirmed on oath and put the signature in my presence on 25-11-2018 at

Argalapuram.







GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

Central Registration Centre

Certificate of Incorporation

[Pursuant to sub-section (2) of section 7 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 18 the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

I hereby certify that KRUSHIVALA COCONUT FARMERS PRODUCER COMPANY LIMITED is incorporated on this Twenty fourth day of March Two thousand seventeen under the Companies Act, 2013 and that the company is limited by shares.

The CIN of the company is U01100AP2017PTC105498.

Given under my hand at Manesar this Twenty fourth day of March Two thousand seventeen .



ALOK TANDON

For and on behalf of the Jurisdictional Registrar of Companies

Registrar of Companies

Central Registration Centre

Disclaimer: This certificate only evidences incorporation of the company on the basis of documents and declarations of the applicant(s). This certificate is neither a license nor permission to conduct business or solicit deposits or funds from public. Permission of sector regulator is necessary wherever required. Registration status and other details of the company can be verified on www.mca.gov.in

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

KRUSHIVALA COCONUT FARMERS PRODUCER COMPANY LIMITED

D.NO.3-53, MAIN ROAD,, AMBAJI PETA, East Godavari, Andhra Pradesh, India, 533214

